10 Earth Day Facts About The Natural State You Might Not Know

















Harold Alexander



Stern's Medlar



Bayou Bartholomew

Ivory-billed Woodpecker



Blanchard Springs
Caverns



Elk

Find the pictures on display, use a smartphone to scan the QR code, and learn more about the Natural State for Earth Month.

- Remains free-flowing thanks to the Ozark Society and environmentalists like Neil Compton.
- Rediscovered in the Big Woods of eastern Arkansas in 2004 after long believed to be extinct.
- Promoted in the 1920s as erosion control and quickly took over where it was planted.
- Helped steer wildlife management in Arkansas, in particular deer management and species restoration.
- Tract of large trees, some more than 200 years old.
- Rare shrub in the rose family known in the wild only from about twenty-five individual plants in a single site.
- Longest bayou in the world.
- Has a hibernating bat population of approximately 500,000 in the winter.
- Habitat loss from agricultural development caused this species to disappear except for a small number at Baker Prairie Natural Area.
- This animal was reintroduced to Arkansas in 1981.



Scan the QR Code (using the camera on your smartphone) on each panel to jump to the EOA entry for more information about the Natural State.







Buffalo National River

Marion, Newton, & Searcy Counties



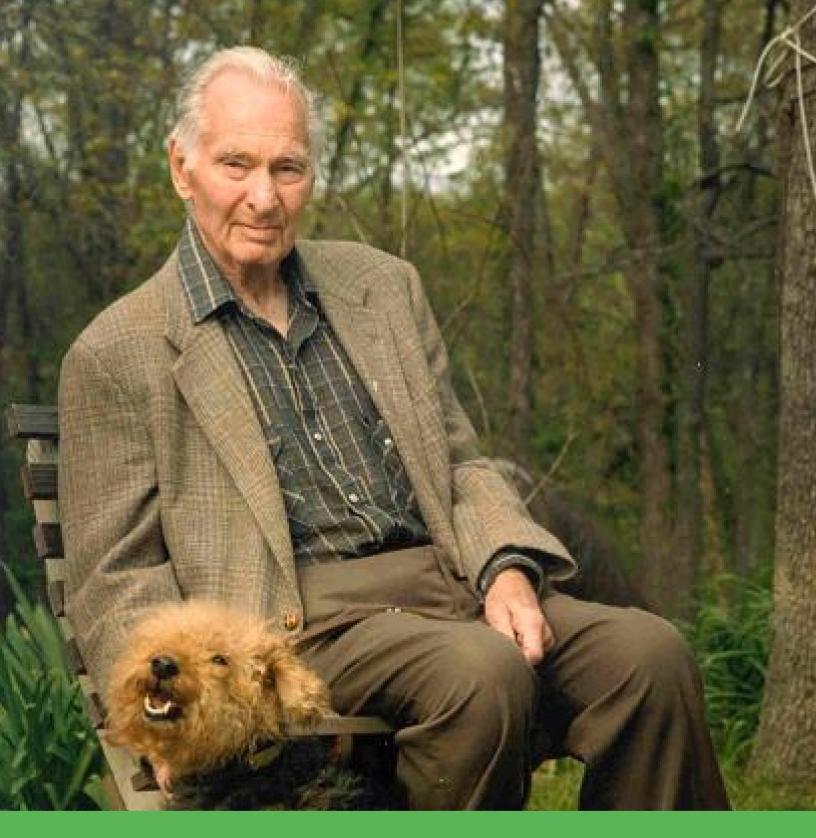
Ivory-billed Woodpecker

Cache River & White River National Wildlife Refuges



Kudzu





Harold Alexander



Conway (Faulkner County)



Lost 40 Calhoun County





Stern's Medlar

Slovak (Prairie County)



Willow Flycatcher Harrison (Boone County)





Bayou Bartholomew

Jefferson, Lincoln, Desha, Drew, Chicot, & Ashley Counties





Blanchard Springs Caverns Stone County





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Ponca (Newton County)